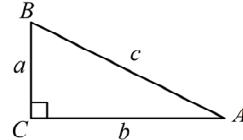


# Math 10C Formulas

Conversion Table	
Imperial to Imperial	Imperial to SI (Metric)
12 inches (in) = 1 foot (ft)	2.54 cm = 1 in.
3 feet (ft) = 1 yard (yd)	
5280 feet (ft) = 1 mile (mi)	1.6 km = 1 mi.

## Right Triangles



$$\text{Pythagorean Theorem } a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

## Perimeter

$$\text{Square } P = 4s$$

$$\text{Rectangle } P = 2\ell + 2w$$

$$\text{Circle Circumference } C = 2\pi r \text{ or } C = \pi d$$

## Area

$$\text{Square } A = s^2$$

$$\text{Rectangle } A = bh$$

$$\text{Parallelogram } A = bh$$

$$\text{Triangle } A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\text{Circle } A = \pi r^2$$

## Surface Area

$$\text{Right Pyramid}$$

$$SA = \frac{1}{2}s(\text{perimeter of base}) + (\text{base area})$$

$$\text{Right Cylinder } SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$\text{Right Cone } SA = \pi r^2 + \pi rs$$

$$\text{Sphere } SA = 4\pi r^2$$

## Volume

$$\text{Right Rectangular Prism } V = lwh$$

$$\text{Right Rectangular Pyramid } V = \frac{1}{3}lwh$$

$$\text{Right Cylinder } V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Right Cone } V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Sphere } V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

## Trigonometry ratios

$$\sin \angle A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos \angle A = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \angle A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

## Exponent Laws

$$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$$

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m} \quad \text{or} \quad \left(\sqrt[n]{a}\right)^m$$

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}, \quad a \neq 0$$

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}, \quad a \neq 0$$

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

$$(ab)^m = a^m b^m$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m}, \quad b \neq 0$$

## Coordinate Geometry

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} \quad \text{or} \quad \text{Slope} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Slope y-intercept form of a line:

$$y = mx + b$$

Slope point form of a line:

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General form of a line:

$$Ax + By + C = 0$$